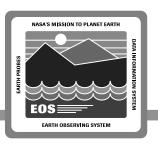


CSMS PDR Summary DesJardins / Medin / Armstrong

28 February 1995

CSMS Mission

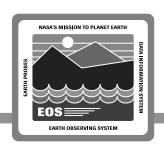


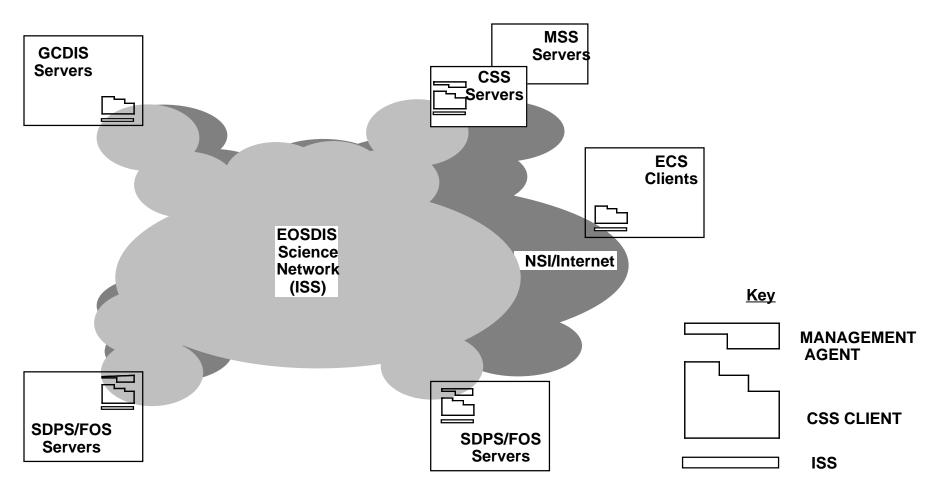
CSMS is the infrastructure that interconnects and manages ECS. To accomplish its mission, CSMS:

- Provides network connectivity/interfaces
 - between users, DAACs, EOC, EDOS, SCFs, ADCs, EPDSs, IPs
 - within DAACs and EOC
- Provides interoperability between services of FOS, SDPS, and (CSMS's own) management functions in a manner which maximizes flexibility to relocate and evolve those services
- Provides management tools for the efficient and effective operation of DAACs, EOC, ESN, and interfaces with other EOSDIS components

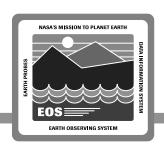
These three core requirements map cleanly into three CSMS subsystems

CSMS Context



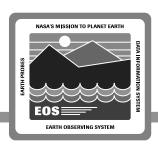


CSMS PDR Review Board Members



Bill Mack, GSFC Systems Review Office, Chair
Milo Medin, ARC NSI/EOSDIS External Network Manager, Co-chair
Lyn Oleson, EDC DAAC Manager
Cathy LaPenta, MSFC DAAC Manager
Dr. Bill Emery, U Colorado, NSUN representative
Art Gaylord, U Massachusetts, Director, Project Pilgrim (DCE)
Greg Hunolt, ESDIS DAAC Systems Manager
Ernie Lucier, HQ MTPE Communications Manager
Dave Peters, GSFC V0/EOSDIS Internal Network Manager
Mike Moore, ESDIS SDPS representative
Mike Rackley, ESDIS FOS representative
Vishal Desai, Ecom Systems Engineer

CSMS PDR Review Board Findings



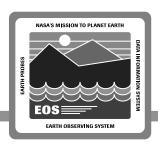
- PDR was successful, no showstoppers
- Board was impressed with significant progress since SDR on
 - COTS orientation
 - evolvability
- Technical depth of review was reflected in
 - HAIS design presented
 - Review Board representatives, detailed discussions
 - Types and scope of RIDs received
- Board had concerns on
 - how CSMS design will be used by other segments
 - operational issues, interactions with other segments, DAACs
 - variety of technical issues which are straightforward to address
- Overall: excellent review, HAIS is on the right track, some system issues for project remain

RID Summary



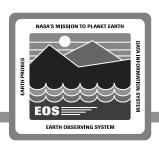
- Priority 1 RIDs
 - 55 RIDs in 24 categories
 - 48 allocated to ECS
 - 7 allocated to Project
- Priority 2: 93 RIDs
 - 90 allocated to ECS
 - 3 allocated to Project

Key Issues



- Scheduling
- Operations concept
- Multicast availability for FOS CDR
- Developer documentation and training for CSS services
- Road to CDR

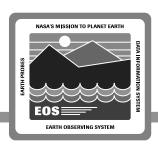
Other Priority Issues



- Use of subsetting to reduce network costs
- RMA**
- V0 and Release A
- True cost of COTS
- Remote file mounting
- Interprocess communications
- DOF and client-server
- System time-sync
- Bulk data transfer restart
- Multiplicity of communication methods
- OODCE to CORBA

** Categories marked with asterisks contain some RIDs assigned to Project

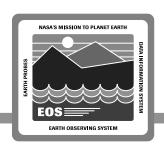
Other Priority Issues (cont.)



- "Ghostbusters" **
- DAAC ops 24 x 7
- Trouble ticketing
- Design traceability
- Monitoring of distributed applications
- Configuration management of customized "code"
- Sizing models
- Billing and accounting **

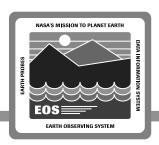
** Categories marked with asterisks contain some RIDs assigned to Project

CSMS Mega-Issues Response Summary



- Release A scheduling; coordination with SDPS and FOS
- Operations concept definition; coordination with M&O
- Multicast availability for FOS CDR
- Developer documentation and training for CSS services
- Road to CDR

Scheduling

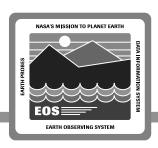


Issue:

- Use of office automation (OA) tools for resource scheduling for Release A may not adequately address scheduling requirements
- Coordination of scheduling between CSMS and SDPS/FOS is not clear

- OA tools will not be the sole mechanism for implementation of CSMS Release A scheduling functionality
- A combined (CSMS/SDPS) scheduling concept was briefed at the SDPS PDR
 - CSMS ground events result in a "resource availability schedule"
 - Resource availability schedule is used by SDPS for production scheduling
 - Both scheduling views share a common database

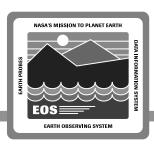
Scheduling (cont.)



Response (cont.):

- CSMS' reuse of SDPS' scheduling capability means that we will
 - coordinate with SDPS in evaluation of COTS scheduling products
 - map SDPS functions to CSMS scheduling requirements
- CSMS will provide FOS with a resource availability schedule as well
- Detailed interface between CSMS schedule and FOS functions will be worked for FOS CDR

Ops Concept Definition

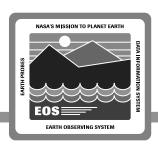


Issue:

- CSMS PDR was from a developer's perspective only; emphasis must be on how services are used (e.g., in "a day in the life" scenarios)
- More involvement is needed by local and remote M&O staff, HAIS system staff, and external organizations so that developed system meets the needs of various user classes

- CSMS supported M&O ops concept briefing and SDPS scheduling briefing at SDPS PDR
- Proposed "Road to CDR" schedule includes early ops concept review, which will feed CDR design
- CSMS DAAC contact will increase
 - MSS will visit all Release A DAACs
 - ISS (networks) telecons with DAACs to follow-up 1994 site visits and work CDR design issues

Ops Concept Definition (cont.)



Response (cont.)

- Visits / coordination with NSI, Ecom planned to learn from existing implementations, resolve interfaces
- Release teams will feature M&O representatives within the development organizations

Multicast Availability

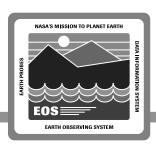


Issue:

Will CSMS provide multicast in time for FOS needs?

- Yes. CSMS will provide an API to FOS in April, along with appropriate documentation. CSMS will provide working code in late 1995 for FOS Build A.
- CSMS is evaluating two COTS implementations of IP multicast
 - ISIS a commercial (proprietary) development toolkit that uses network layer multicast protocols
 - RMP UC Berkeley /WVU multicast application interface being submitted for standardization via RFC process; uses network layer multicast protocols
- FOS' priority is on multicast within the EOC, to save processor load. Multicast to ISTs is desirable but can be resolved later, since its impact on processor load is much less.
- CSMS will continue to investigate multicast to ISTs, including associated routing and security issues.

CSS Programming Guidelines



Issue:

- Programming guidelines and training are needed to help developers understand how to appropriately use CSS services.
- Guidelines should address use of standards to help portability, use of threads, error handling, selection of client/server communications methods, and use of security.

- CSS will provide a set of ECS/CSS programming guidelines to assist application developers to create portable and reliable software that uses CSS provided services.
- Included in these guidelines will be information on how to use the CSS services, usage of CSS provided APIs and OODCE IDL construction, and examples of implementation.
- A first draft of this documentation will be available by the FOS CDR.
- Training sessions will be provided to FOS and SDPS developers in the form of workshops.

Road to CDR Definition

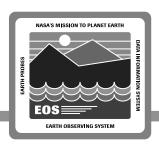


(This issue is being separately briefed in the PDR wrap-up.)

The "Road to CDR" response covers

- Detailed design content
 - CDRL deliveries
 - Technical content definition
- Detailed design development description
 - COTS-related design
 - Custom code design
 - Prototypes needed for CDR design
- Detailed design review process
 - Early ops concept review
 - Segment schedules / coordination for CDR

CSMS PDR Closeout



- CSMS will issue PDR final versions of the following documentation by March 22:
 - DID 304, CSMS Requirements Specification
 - DID 305, CSMS Design Specification
 - DID 311, CSMS Database Design / Schema
 - DID 313, CSMS Inter-Segment ICD
 - DID 319, CSMS Integration and Test Plan
 - DID 307/329, CSMS Development Plan
- RID Closeout
 - Remaining Priority 1 RIDs will be provided to Project by 3/3
 - All Priority 2 RIDs are scheduled for ECS closure by 3/17